





SOUTH PACIFIC APPLIED GEOSCIENCE COMMISSION

&

WORLD HEALTH ORGANIZATION

WATER SAFETY PLANS

COOK ISLANDS SCOPING MISSION

ROUNDTABLE MEETING

9.00am, Thursday 06 April 2006
Dept. of Water Works conference room







- As Rarotonga system rehabilitation is 70% complete, there is good scope for WSP project
- Focus on 'quantity' could shift towards 'quality'
- Rarotonga water supply will require substantial infrastructure improvements (e.g. storage or source improvement) to produce drinkable water
- DWW operations and reliability could benefit from WSPs
- Strong interest and potential commitment from DWW, NES and MoH
- Consensus among NES and OMIA that MoW should chair the NTF
- Public Health information (water quality data) is not available to the public

- Potential for partnerships / synergies exist (e.g. IWP Project)
- IWP experience is valuable and needs to be captured
 - Catchment management plan (animals, trekking, agriculture, building permits) – model for other catchments incl.
 - Build on (expand) work & findings through IWP esp. community experience and awareness
 - 'Cost of Water Pollution' study, Socio-economic Study and Legislative Review
 - National Task Force role could be extended to serve as WSP National Steering Committee

- There is strong public resistance to use of chlorination in drinking water
- Alternative forms of disinfection were of interest to community leaders; household treatment options should be considered by the WSP Project
- WSP project should ensure capital works are identified so that donors respond to needed community programmes
- Community dependence on government suggests that there is need for community based management and awareness programmes

- Avoid use of 'pilot' to describe WSP Project as it has undesirable connotation
- Simple, consistent, standard tools and products are needed for use for community and Household awareness (*mainly in English and translated into Cook Is. Maori*)
- A possible 2 part project
 - Rarotonga (and outer Islands) reticulated system
 - Community / household drinking water safety tools include emphasis on households country-wide. Replicability to benefit outer islands.
- Past studies and reports should be reviewed as part of a WSP project (IWP, ADB, SOPAC and others)
- Need to have more in-depth consultation with communities esp. in outer islands
- in the course of planning WSP project activities and tools

Agencies recap potential role:

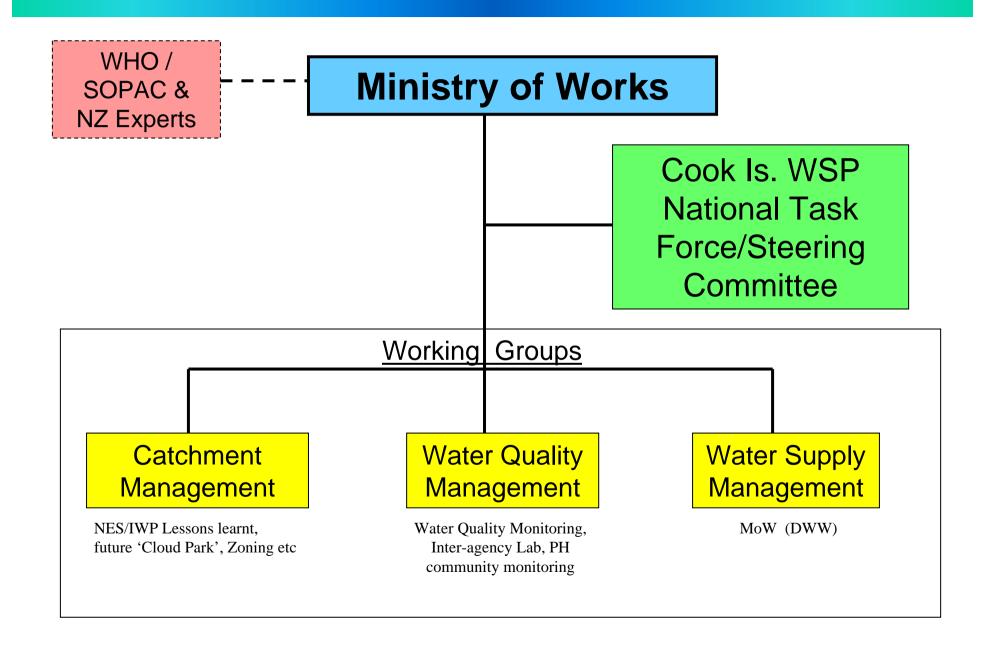
Agency	Current Programmes	Capacity	Interest	Potential Role			
Ministry of Works	Mapping & GIS, Water Resource Management, SOPAC Island Vulnerability project, Water Quality Analysis, Catchment Mngt.	Laboratory, Trained Personnel, GIS	Improve water quantity and quality	Lead implementing agency			
Ministry of Health	Water Sampling & Analysis, Public awareness	Hosp. Laboratory Public Health Inspectors	Improve water quality, inter-agency Lab proposed	Implementing agency			
National Environment Services	Catchment Management Plan, IWP, EIA, CBDAMPIC	Community development & awareness, EIA	Water Conservation & maintain good water quality	Implementing agency			
Island Administration	Supply/ facilitate Water Tanks	First point of contact for outer islands	Infrastructure	Key Partner			
NGOs / CIANGO / Red Cross / WWF / Taporoporo Ipukarea Society / NCW	Red Cross Vulnerability Assessment	Community Development & Awareness, Community Liaison / facilitation	Community Facilitation, Awareness	Key Partners			

Possible products and outputs:

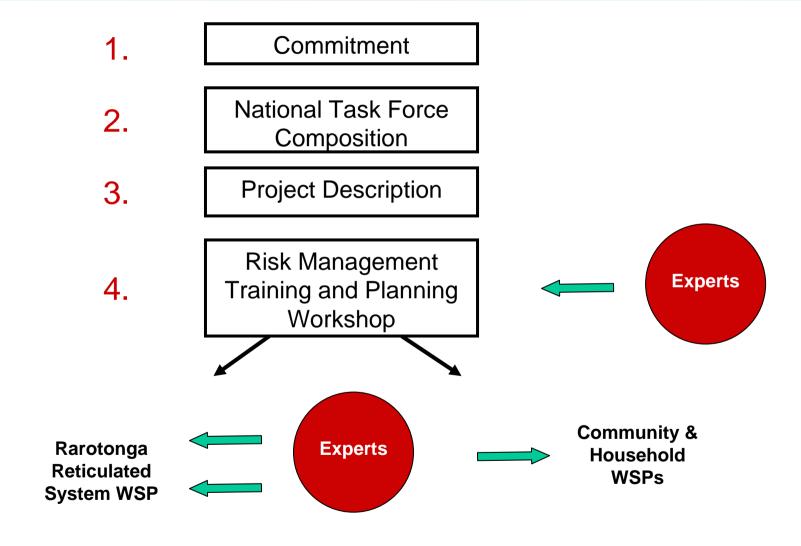
Risk assessment / management system to ensure water quantity as well as quality

- Laboratory capacity (core functions) improved
- Key staff aware of SOP's and risk management plan(s)
- Contingency / emergency procedures and/or plans established
- support zoning of catchment (or catchment protection plan) possible NGO project \$\$
- H2S test production / recycling arrangements
- Community awareness package incl. Guidelines for drinking water quality
- incl. School programmes and informal education in WSP activities e.g. in school curriculum

Possible Project Structure: Functional



Possible next steps:



Water Safety Plan steps & timetable:

Activity	Months																		
	A	М	J	J	A	S	О	N	D	J	F	M	A	M	J	J	A	S	o
Forming a Steering Committee																			
System description and analysis																			
Training/Planning workshop																			
Development of Tools & activities																			
System Risk Assessment																			
Water Safety Plan																			
Evaluation & Verification																			

Possible early activities:

- Commitment by Govt. of Cook Islands
- Consider workshop to train and plan for WSP project
- Preparations for workshop on risk assessment / management training and planning (proposed objectives, programme, participants, experts, venue, budget, logistics) by DWW / National Task Force
- Possible water supply system description, assessment and risk analysis by DWW using WSP worksheets
- Possible H2S Test production / recycling arrangements by DWW / MoH

National Task Force:

Possible Composition:

Ministry of Works

Ministry of Health

National Environment Services (IWP)

Office of Minister for Island Administration (OMIA)

SOPAC National Rep (Foreign Affairs)

NGOs & CBOs (CIANGO, IWP, others)

Representative of MPs, traditional & community leaders (Mayors and Vaka Councils, Local Government Reps)

As required:

Ministry of Marine Resources

Ministry of Agriculture

Ministry of Tourism

National Steering Committee:

Possible Terms of Reference:

Role: Guide the implementation of the National WSP activities, make decisions and ensure inter-agency cooperation

- Guide WSP national activities
- Ensure sharing of information among related projects
- Oversight of international and local inputs and resources

Commitment:

- Ministry of Works (time, effort) and players (who?)
- Nature of project support from WHO/SOPAC programme
 - WHO/SOPAC Project Officers & advisors
 - NZ MoH Experts
 - Training & Capacity Building
 - Development of Tools
- Letter requesting Cook Islands' inclusion in the Programme from Ministry of Works and Foreign Affairs