Palau Conservation Society

GEF Pacific IWRM Project
Second Regional Steering Committee Meeting
Koror, Palau

Who we are:

PCS Mission

To work with the community to preserve the nation's unique natural environment and perpetuate its conservation ethic for the economic and social benefit of present and future generations of Palauans and for the enjoyment and education of all.

PCS Vision

Healthy Ecosystems, Healthy Communities

PCS core values: respect for Palauan culture, respect for science, belief in sustainability and integrity.

PCS guiding principles: community consensus, collaborations and partnerships, capacity building and clear roles & responsibility and transparency & accountability.



What we do:

PCS focuses it's specific objectives and delivers value, to three targets:

Palau Society, Partners and Funders

Palau Society

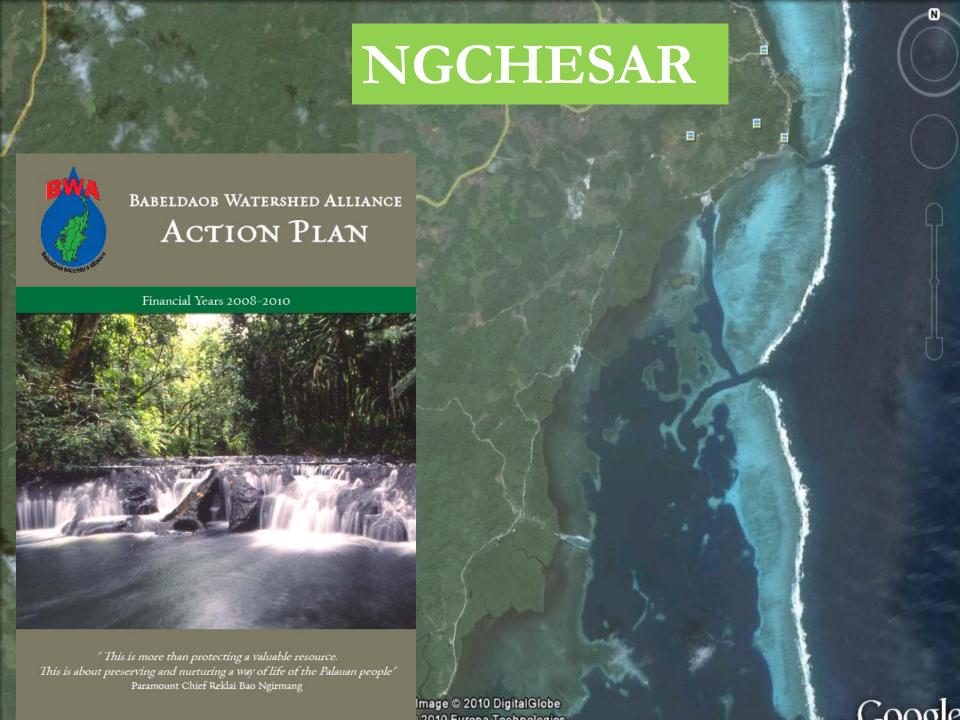
Assist the communities and government of Palau to ensure preservation of Palau's natural heritage

Partner Organizations and Institutions

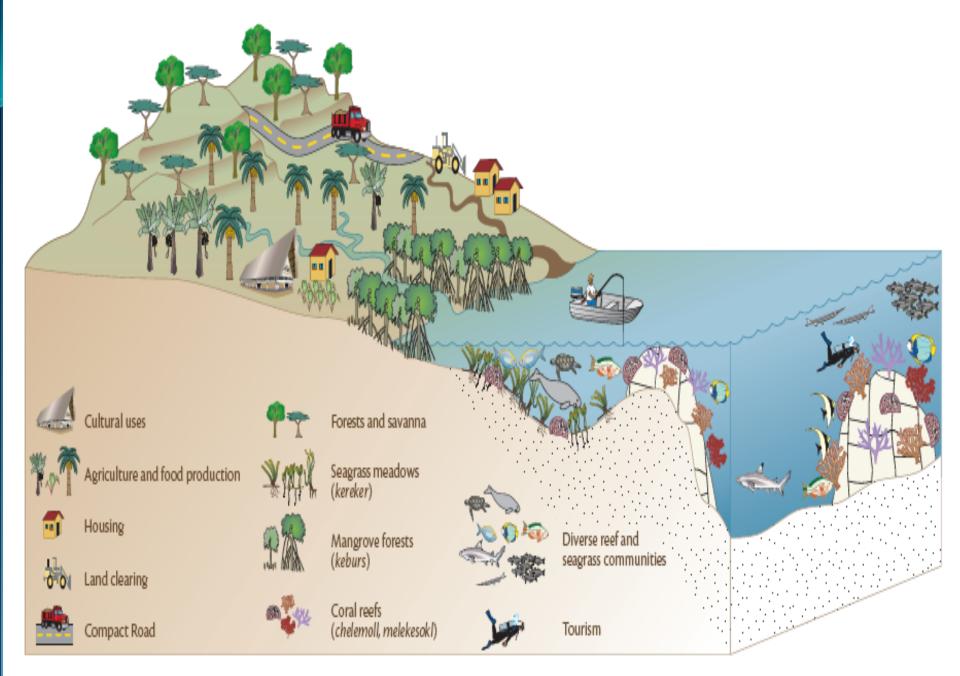
Provides partners with service and support to achieve their objectives

Conservation Donors and Investors

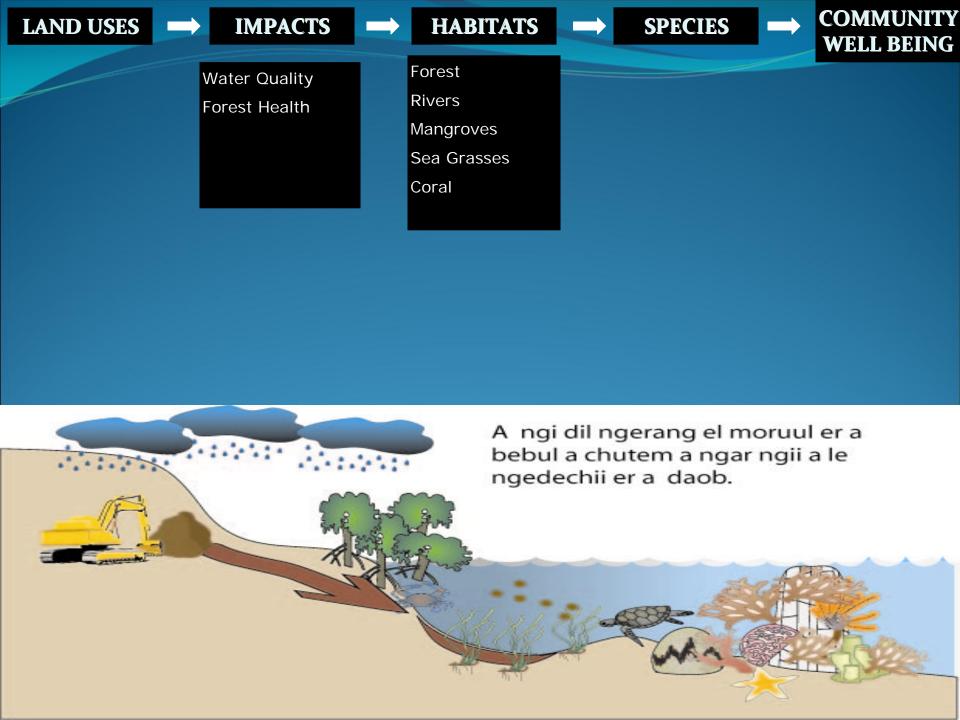
Provide an opportunity to contribute to the conservation of Palau and protection of its natural heritage.







Land use on Babeldaob Island affects the terrestrial and aquatic ecosystems.



1	#		Objectives, Strategic Actions with Steps, and Indicators					
	Objective	Conservation Target	Category	Key Attribute	Indicator	Method	s to abate	
		Farms (mesei, sers, livestock)	Landscape Context	Hydrologic regime - (timing, duration, frequency, extent)	% of taro patch affected by salt water	Visual Census		
_	Strategic act Strategic act		Condition	Abundance of food resources	% of sers affected by invasive	Visual Census		
	_	Forest (includes wildlife)	Condition	Pollination	# of belochel sightings	Visual Census		
$ \cdot $	Objective			Population structure & recruitment	# of fruit bats	Visual Census		
		Rivers & streams	Landscape Context	Water level fluctuations	depth of river at Shimizu bridge	River gauge		
		Mangrove ecosystem	Condition	Abundance of food resources	# of mangrove clam	Market survey		
	Strategic act			Abundance of food resources	# of mud clam	Market survey	1	
		Seagrass ecosystem	Condition	Abundance of food resources	# of bottle of ngimes	Market survey		
		Coral reef ecosystem	Condition	Abundance of food resources	fish catch/night	Market survey		
	Strategic act			Community architecture	% cover of Pocillopora	Belt transect		
Ξ.	Table 5. L implemen	cultural sites	Landscape Context	Landscape pattern (mosaic) & structure	site integrity	Visual Census	an focus o	
Table 6. List of indicators for measuring each target with suggested methods for monitoring. Threat Status for largets wednesd and the suggested methods for monitoring. High								
T	Table 4. Summary of rankings for threats that affects Ngchesar's conservation targets.							

What we heard:

Sedimentation in Ngchesar's rivers and reefs is a problem and has led to:

- -decline in water quality
 - -increased cost in water treatment (ROP cost)
- -decline in fisheries:
 - invertebrate collectionsby women
 - -fish catches by fishers
 - mangrove clams and crabs
- decline in quality of life



How is PCS assisting Ngchesar State?

- Management Plan for Mesekelat Protected Area:
 Outcome- reduce sedimentation in the Mesekelat river
- Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan for entire state
 Outcome – reduce sediment in mangroves and near shore areas.

To ensure these deliverables we partner with other ngo's, government agencies, private sector, overseas partners, traditional organizations an many more.





