





EU Water Governance Programme

Kiribati Pilot Project



Goal of EU Water Governance Programme

to mainstream the principles of good water governance into day-to-day applications and pilot projects so as to assist in achieving sustainable water resource management and provision of water services.





Effective Water Governance

Effective governance includes the ability to design informed public policies that have as their goal the sustainable development, management and use of water resources.

It also involves the *building of social* acceptance and support for them and the development of strategies to implement and improve them.

Kiribati Imperatives

AIDAB Pacific Regional Team Report, 1993

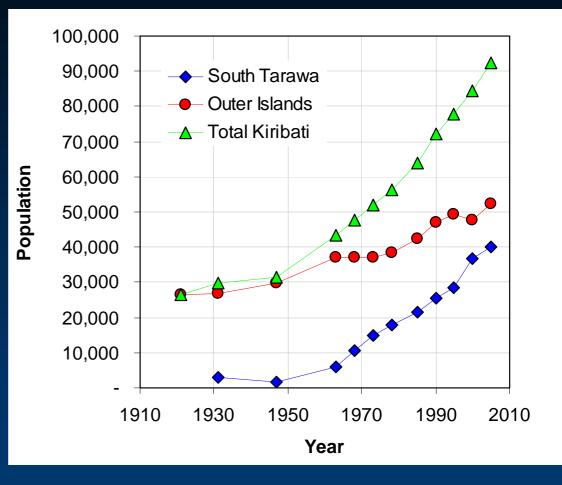
Problems on South Tarawa were critical

Recommended a multi-disciplinary, coordinated, long term (at least 10 years) program with multiple components being conducted in parallel rather than by implementing individual components and with annual budgets of several million (1990) dollars.



Urban population density up to15,000 pers/km²

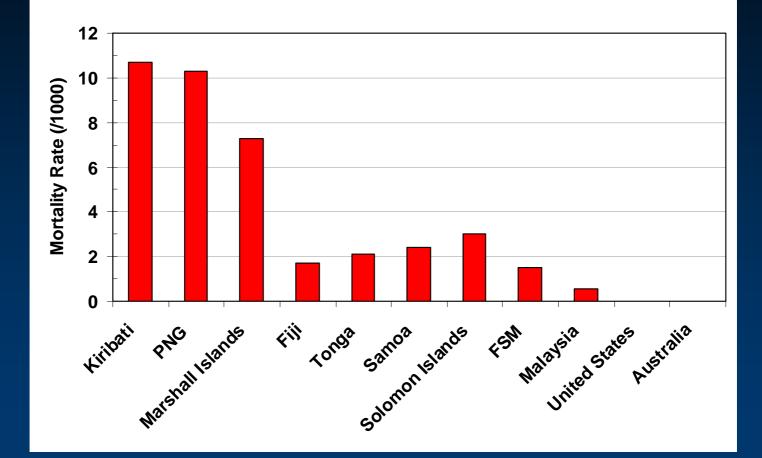
Urbanisation and Inward Migration



Exponential Growth rates from 1963: Country 1.8% Urban 4% Outer Island 0.9%

Improving Health

Infant mortality rate caused by Diarrhoeal diseases (/1000)



Source: WHO CHIPS 2005



Review Previous Studies

Falkland (1983, 1992) Kiritimati and Tarawa Water Resource Studies **Shalev Z. (1992).** Draft 10 year national water master plan. UNDTCD. **AIDAB (1993).** Field Appraisal, Kiribati – South Tarawa Sanitation and Project Request.

UNESCO (1999). Issues, traditions and conflicts in groundwater use and management **WEU (2000).** Draft Water Master Plan

SOPAC and ADB (2002), Proc. Pacific Regional Consultation on Water in Small Island Countries, Sigatoka.

SOPAC and ADB (2003), Pacific Regional Action Plan on Sustainable Water Management. Asian Development Bank and South Pacific Applied Geoscience Commission, Suva, Fiji.

ADB (2004). Promotion of Effective Water Management Policies and Practices. MFED (2004). National Development Strategies, 2004-2007, Republic of Kiribati. PUB (2004). Business Plan, 2004-2006. Public Utilities Board, 2004

ACIAR (2005) Equitable groundwater development

World Bank. (2005). Kiribati Adaptation Program, Phase II, TOR for TA Water Component.

Gov of Kirbati (2006). Project Completion Report, Sanitation, SAPHE.

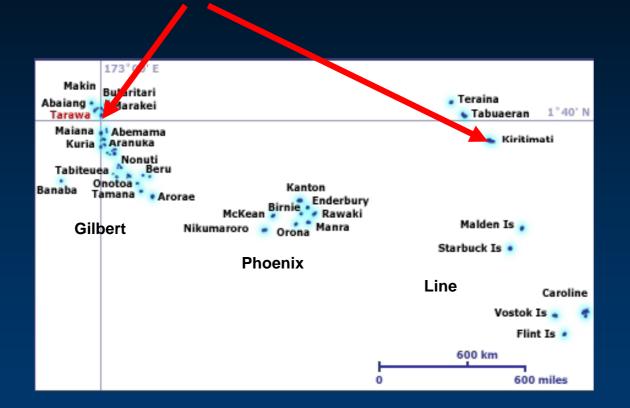
Kiribati Imperatives Cabinet Decision 2004

to make outer island water supply systems sustainable



Knowledge Gaps

Water resources assessed in only 2 atolls



Use of water in urban and outer islands unknown

National Consultation, Kiribati Adaptation Program, Phase I, KAPI

- Extensive consultations throughout the Gilbert Group for the National Adaptation Program of Action, KAP I
- Identified 50 priority adaptation strategies
- Seven out of the top ten priorities were water and sanitation related



PACIFIC

REGIONAL ACTION PLAN ON

> SUSTAINABLE WATER MANAGEMENT

In preparation for the 3rd World Water Forun Kyoto, Japan, 2003

> 3rd August 2002 Sigatoka, Fiji Islands



Pacific Regional Action Plan on Sustainable Water Management (2003)

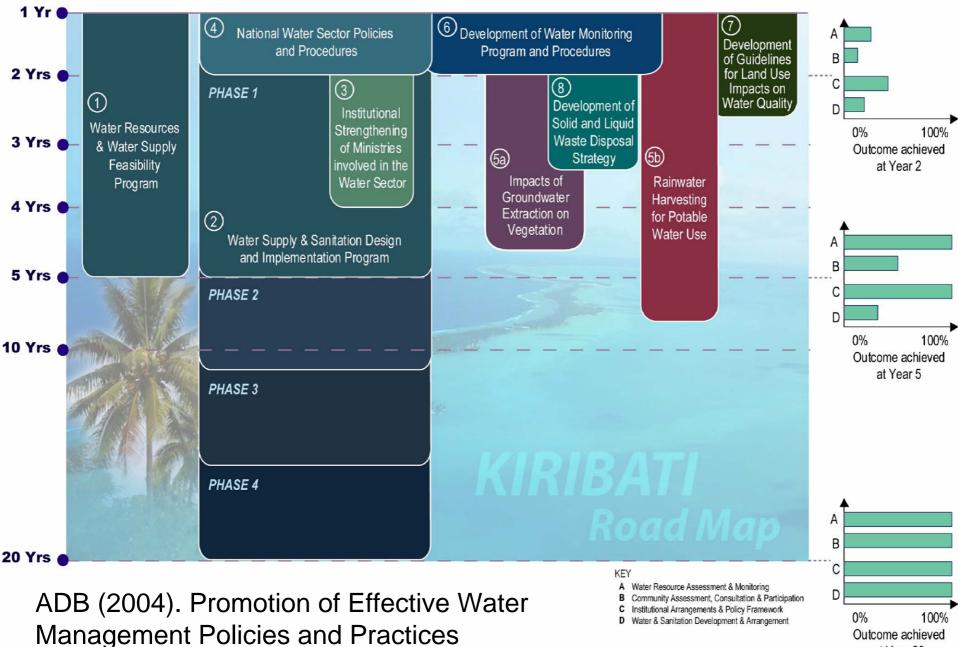
- **1. Water Resources Management**
- 2. Island Vulnerability
- 3. Awareness
- 4. Technology
- **5. Institutional Arrangements**

6. Finance

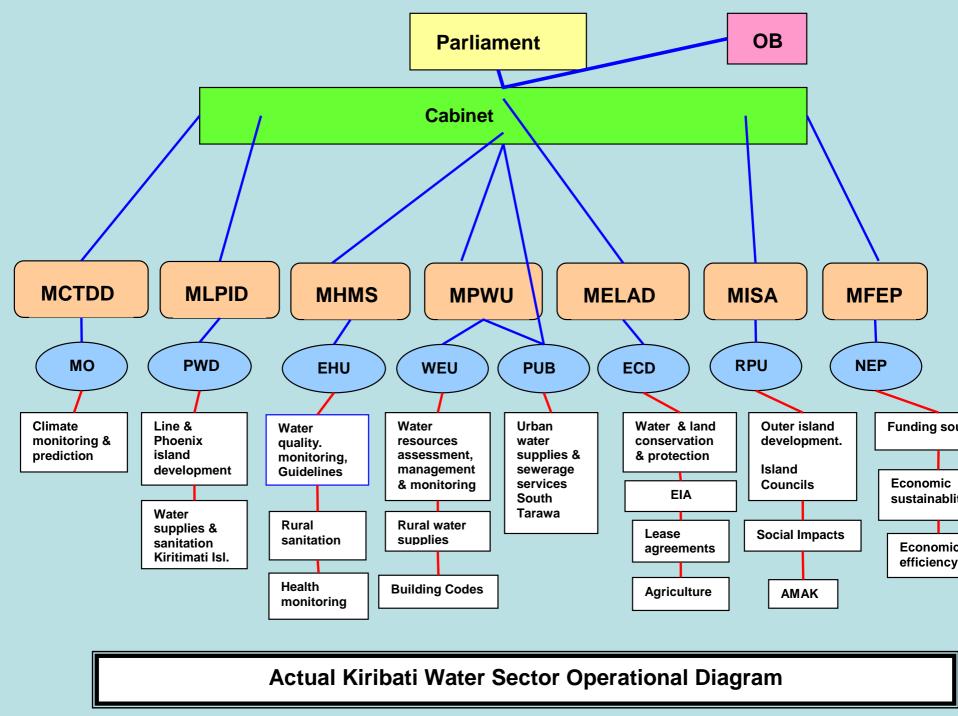
Behavioural change - a fundamental strategy

Long-term collaborative process

Kiribati Water Sector Road Map - 2004



at Year 20



Strategy for Improved Water Governance

- 1. Re-establish National Water and Sanitation Coordination Committee NWSCC- but include community participation – under OB
- 2. NWSCC develops draft National Water Policy
- 3. National Water Policy basis for Planning
- 4. After consultation & government adoption of NWP, NWSCC develops draft National Strategic Water Plan
- 5. NWSCC coordinates implementation & review

Draft TOR NWSCC

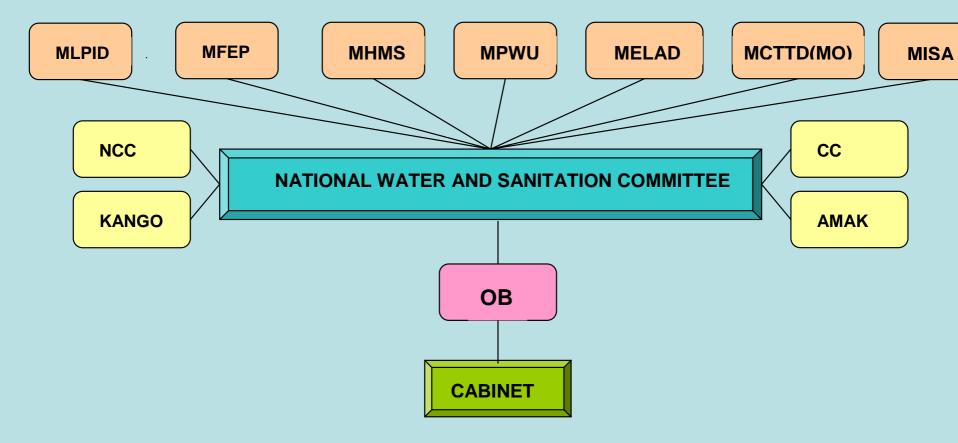


DRAFT for Discussion

THE NATIONAL WATER & SANITATION COORDINATON COMMITTEE

Strengths, Proposed Mission, Aims, Terms of Reference, Coordination, Reporting and Composition

Proposed Structure for the National Water and Sanitation Coordination Committee



Proposed Mission of the National Water and Sanitation Committee

To coordinate, facilitate and enhance Government and community activities in the water and sanitation sector



Draft National Water Policy



Government of the Republic of Kiribati

Water for Healthy Communities, Environments and Sustainable Development

Draft National Water Resources Policy For Discussion consistent with previous policies, directives, statements, NDS and intents.

Must be

Coordinated by the National Water and Sanitation Committee

July 2006

Draft National Water Plan



Government of the Republic of Kiribati

National Plan and Strategies for Sustainable Water Management and Use

Draft 10 Year Water Resources Plan For Discussion

Coordinated by the National Water and Sanitation Committee Under the Office Te Beretitenti

August 2006

1. Current state 2. Identified problems 3. Where are we going? – based on national policy 4. How we get there? 5. Who does what? 6. When?

7. Indicators of progress



SOPAC

EU Pacific Water Governance Project Kiribati Pilot Study



LONG TERM WATER AND SANITATION PRIORITIES IN KIRIBATI FOR POTENTIAL SUPPORT UNDER EU EDF10

DRAFT

Support for the National Water and Sanitation Coordination Committee (Coordinator- 10 yr)

Supporting Outer Island and Rural Communities in Kiribati: Safe Water Supplies for Rural Areas and Outer Islands (4x5 yr phases)

Supporting Urban Areas in Kiribati: Improving Access to Safe Water Supplies in South Tarawa (10 yr project)





A contribution to the EU Pacific Water Governance Project

Draft

Sustainability of Water and Sanitation Services in South Tarawa, Kiribati

lan White

Australian National University

Tony Falkland

Ecowise Environmental

September 2006





Draft National Water Policy

Policy Goal

"To ensure that communities have affordable access to sustainable water supply systems providing water of appropriate quantities and suitable quality and to appropriate sanitation to meet all reasonable health, environmental, and development needs"

Community health, environment, development





Eco-Sanitation Training

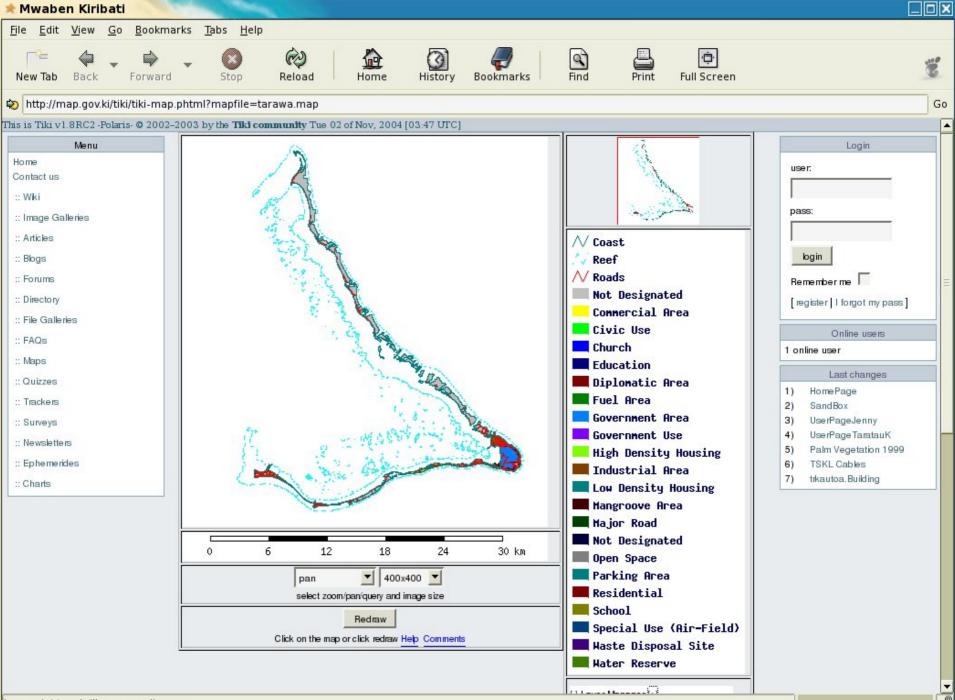


- Funded through SOPAC WASH programme
- 30-35 Trainees, Ministry of Environment, Ministry of Health, Public Works Department and Community Bonriki Water Reserve
- Building on IWP course Tuvalu, SOPAC supported MoH and MoE attendance
- Increase understanding of health and environmental risks associated with poor sanitation practices
- Promote the use of composting toilet (waterless toilet) in the water reserve on South Tarawa for the protection of groundwater lens contamination









javascript:toggle('layermenu');

