

Countries with Water Apex Bodies

- <u>Asia:</u> Bangladesh, India, Kazakhstan, Laos, Malaysia, Nepal, Philippines, Sri Lanka, Thailand, Viet Nam
- Other: Australia, Brazil, Mexico, Yemen
- Soon: Indonesia, Pakistan, Samoa
- Defunct: France, US, Sri Lanka?

Better with than without...

National Water Apex Bodies

- National Water Resources Council
- National Water Commission
- National Water Resources Board
- National Water Resources Authority

National Water Apex Bodies

Body (Council, Commission, Board)

Office (Secretariat)



Typical Functions

- Policy making
- Revising legislation
- Overseeing planning
- Financial and resource regulation (Philippines)
- Coordinating among water agencies
- Advising on water issues and initiatives

Performance Benchmarking

Performance Dimensions:

- 1. Mandated
- 2. Active
- 3. Effective

- Specific indicators in Self-Assessment Tool
- Peer reviews to date: Philippines, Thailand
- Expected soon: Malaysia, Viet Nam



Lessons Learned: Success Factors

- 1. High-level leadership
- 2. Office anchored in non-water using agency
- 3. Focus on outcomes: policy, investment plan
- 4. Collaborate with ministries of finance/planning
- 5. Excellent public relations and awareness programs



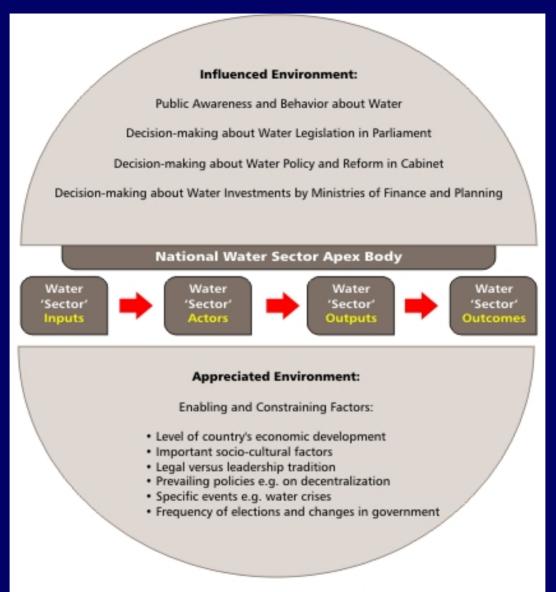
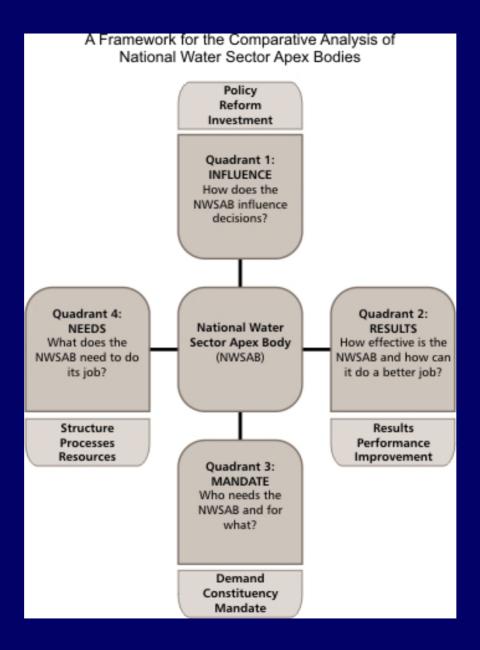


Figure 1 The National Water Sector Apex Body in its Operating Environment

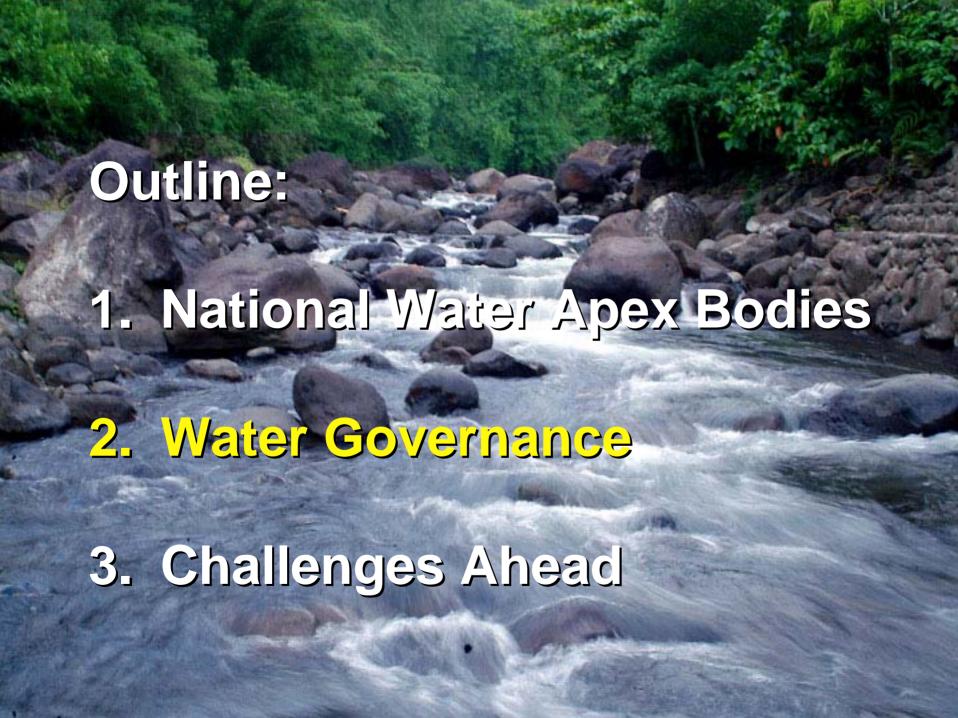
From: Lincklaen Arriens, W. 2007. Leadership in Water Governance – Review of National Water Sector Apex Bodies in Asia (under preparation)





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Good Governance

- Governance is sound development management (ADB, 1995)
- Four pillars: stakeholder participation, transparency, predictability, and accountability
- Making the right <u>decisions</u> lies at the heart of good governance, based on <u>principles</u> adopted
- Good governance and <u>capacity</u> development are like two sides of one coin
- Knowledge is the capacity to act



Water Governance

"The range of political, social, economic, and administrative systems that are in place to regulate the development and management of water <u>resources</u> and the provision of water <u>services</u>."

Rogers and Hall, 2002



Framework and Implementation

Agree on principles:

- For managing water resources
- For delivering water services

Guide/Facilitate the process of implementation:

- Policies, laws, regulations
- Performance of key organizations
- Readiness to adapt to changes



Change from Outside Water Sector

"The world of water will change more in the next 20 years compared to the past 2,000. We must anticipate events and not follow them."

Asit Biswas, 2006 Stockholm Water Prize Laureate

External drivers:

population dynamics, trade policy, growth of small cities, climate change ...



New Framework Needed

"A new framework is needed within which to examine the interaction between politics, laws, regulations, institutions, civil society, water service providers, and the consumer/voter"

Peter Rogers, Harvard

In water engineering almost everything is possible In water governance there is still much to learn



Reform = Implementing Change

- Government to show direction
- Government leadership from highest level
- Changes involve public, private, civil society
- Today highlight some priorities and challenges
- Tomorrow discuss water reforms in detail

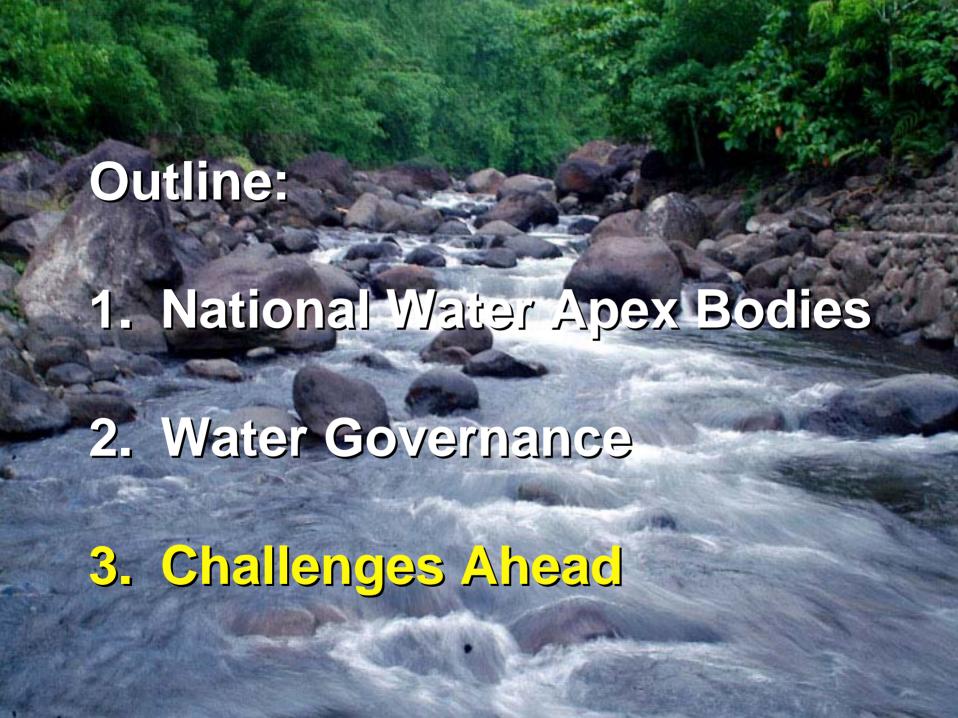
Stop Australia from Running Dry

Government to "urgently accelerate the agreed water reform" and government, private sector and communities to "get on with it"

Wentworth Group of Concerned Scientists
November 2006

Government – Corporate – Society (GCS) partnerships are needed





Leadership to Overcome Barriers

"Government institutions often have alarmingly low levels of credibility in the public perception"

Peña and Solanes

Barriers:

- 1. Outdated and inefficient management practices
- 2. Political intervention
- 3. Lack of human and financial resources



Invest in Capacity Development

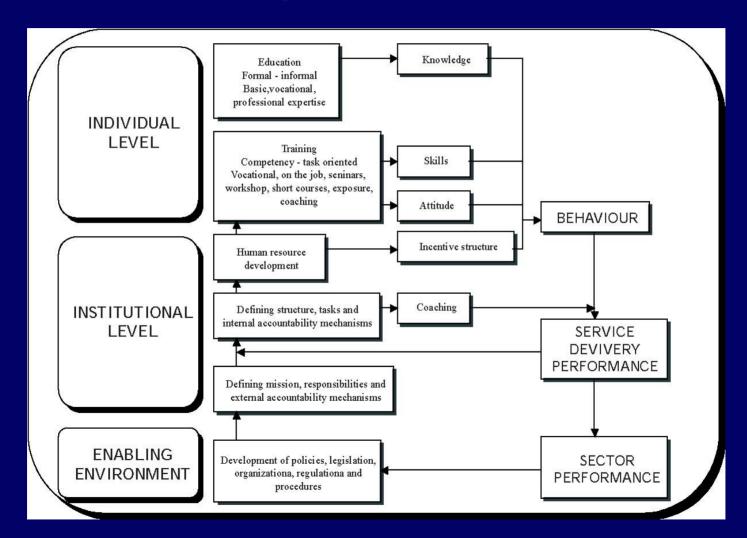
"To every dollar invested in water infrastructure, add 70 cents for capacity development"

Asia-Pacific Region's recommendation to the 4th World Water Forum Mexico City, 2006

Excellence is needed



Capacity Development





Build Strong Water Organizations

- National water apex bodies
- Water service providers
- Water resource managers / river basin organizations
- Water regulatory bodies
- Civil society organizations

Civil Society Holds the Key

- Demanding better water services
- Demanding better resource management
- Promoting national and local leadership
- Instilling values in education and training
- Contributing sustainable local solutions with good governance
- People contributing, sharing, collaborating



Civil Society for Water Governance

- Parliamentarians
- NGOs (development, advocacy, watchdogs)
- Universities, research and training institutions
- Professional associations and networks
- Schools
- Media
- Community organizations (critical)
- You and I in our own communities

Example: Citizen's Report Cards



Leadership in Water Governance

- Adopt principles, facilitate implementation process
- Invest in infrastructure and capacity development
- Ensure access to water services for the <u>poor</u>
- Consider a fundamental <u>right</u> for water (example: South Africa)
- Safeguard <u>environmental use</u> of water
- <u>Triple</u> bottom line of IWRM: balancing economic, social, and environmental outcomes
- Focus on <u>results</u>, declare target # of people to connect/serve
- Set standards of excellence and meet <u>client needs</u>
- Paying for water services increases <u>accountability</u> for results
- Nurture water leaders / champions



Visit ADB's Water Website and Suscribe to ADB's Monthly *Water for All* E-News

www.adb.org/water

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