

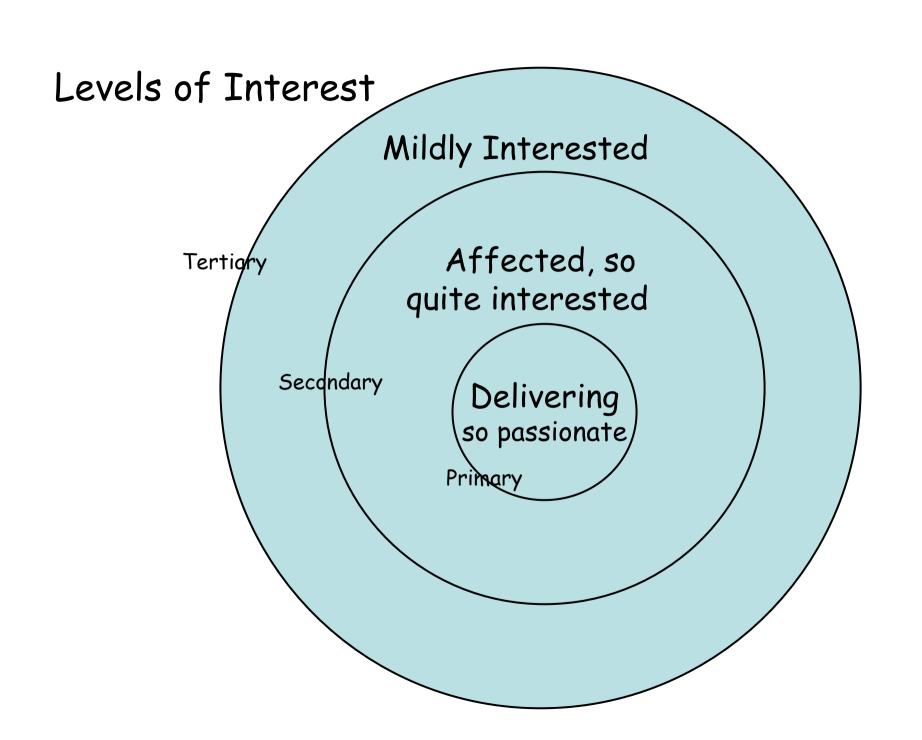
Levels of Engagement

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IWRM Planning Meeting & HYCOS

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Levels of Engagement

INCREASING LEVEL OF INVOLVEMENT

No involvement	BE INFORMED • receive information about any new government proposals	BE CONSULTED • be able to give their views on proposals	STRONGER DISCUSSION •contribute new ideas or different solutions • work together to help solve concerns	COLLABORAT E (OR COOPERATE) • work as partners to solve water supply and management issues	TAKE SOME RESPONSIBILITY • both parties contribute by taking responsibility for some matters
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Informed

- One-way communication--
 - newsletters, newspaper articles, radio spots
 - Reports, media releases, exhibitions, displays
- Provide mechanism for comment but with little expectation of significant feedback
 - contact info, address,
- Unaffected departments/ Ministries
- Some funding bodies World Bank
- Much of the public

Consulted

- Interest in collecting views but with no promise that (or how) information received will be used
 - community meetings, focus groups, key informants
 - mapping, timeline, murals, walking a transect, ranking
 - interviews, surveys, submissions

- Initial consultation for drafting Water Use Efficiency plan
- Live & Learn Research Analysis of Perceptions (RAP)
- What community thinks of a draft plan

Stronger Discussion

- Opportunity for dialogue
 - Round tables, advisory committees, working parties
- Significant interest in collecting information to inform policy formation or decision-making
- Promise of listening and trying to address issues raised
- Provincial governments, municipal governments
- Other departments impacted by IWRM planning
- Some industries, some groups represented on committee

Collaborate / Coordinate

- Agree to work together to collectively solve issues
 - Planning, visioning, shared approaches
 - Taskforce, workshops, action planning
- Environmental Health & Water Supply, Water Resources Dept, Water Authority
- Community Education, Social Learning
- Participatory action research

Take Shared Responsibility

- Working in partnership, sharing responsibilities
 - equal power and equal leadership
 - shared decision-making
 - M&E structure, process for managing conflicts
- Co-management of catchment with Catchment Group
- Technical / planning assistance with community groups
- Community consultation and education with NGOs

Some Suggestions

- Be clear what you want out of the engagement and why
- Be up-front (clear from the beginning) about the limits of what can be changed and what can't
- Don't promise greater involvement than can be delivered
- Engagement requires work and effort from all parties consider carefully whether the benefits outweigh the costs
- Timing is important not too early, not too late
- Not everything should be consulted --
 - where there's no choice; or it's too late in the process

Some Suggestions

- People are more likely to support decisions they have contributed to
- Each party "on side" can act as an ambassador
- With difficult stakeholders, search carefully for matters of "common cause"/ shared concerns
- Levels of engagement (with the same stakeholders) may vary over time
- Goal posts shift over time; expectations change.