#### 1. Process initiation

- Determine who should initiate the process
- Assess political support for developing and implementing an IWRM plan
- Identify available resources to undertake process
- Examine successful processes that have been applied in neighbouring countries

## 2. Steering committee establishment

- Ideally, use existing inter-sectoral coordinating mechanism
- Terms of reference for SC
  - Provide the Process Management Team (PMT) with general guidance and support;
  - Review the proposals and reports prepared by the management team;
  - Regularly review progress in implementation;
  - Assist the PMT in securing primary data and information;
  - Be responsible for coordinating and monitoring the implementation of relevant activities within their respective agency, organisation or community;
  - Decide on the composition of the PMT and appoint its members.

#### 3. Process management team establishment

- Terms of reference for the PMT:
  - Organize and coordinate the overall strategy process;
  - Planning specific activities and meetings;
  - Procuring expertise and resources (human and financial);
  - Support working groups and other committees;
  - Act as a focal point for communication

## 4. Stakeholder involvement plan development and implementation

- First steps: identification of stakeholders, assessment of their interests, their potential contributions to the IWRM process and their relative influence and importance
- Grenada and Union stakeholder assessment conducted and categorized:
  - HH <u>High Priority/High Influence</u>: These stakeholders are the bases for an effective coalition of support for the project
  - HL <u>High Priority/Low Influence</u>: These stakeholders will require special initiative if their interest are to be protected
  - LH <u>Low Priority/High Influence</u>: These stakeholders can influence the outcomes the project but their priorities are not those of the project. They may be a risk or obstacle to the project
  - LL <u>Low Priority/Low Influence</u>: These stakeholders are of least important to the project
- Need to ensure buy-in from key stakeholders

# 5. Communications plan development and implementation

- This will set out the process for dissemination of core messages to stakeholders on the importance of IWRM and the need for an IWRM Plan.
  - Define the target audiences
  - Determine key messages
  - Determine appropriate modes of dissemination

## 6. Situational Analysis and IWRM Plan Framework

- Examine the existing water resources management system in terms of the IWRM principles and the goals of sustainable management and development.
- Identify the pertinent parameters of the hydrological cycle, and evaluate the water requirement of different development alternatives.
- Impacts on terrestrial (forests) and aquatic ecosystems as a result of water use, and waste water disposal/management should also be considered.
- Socio-economic aspects need to be assessed in terms of impacts of present water management system.
  - The analysis should pinpoint potential conflicts, their severity and social implications, as well as risks and hazards posed by flood and drought occurrence

## 7. Vision Statement and Goals Articulation

- The vision statement for IWRM is an expression of society's aspirations in how they may benefit from good water resources management
- Establish goals in context of three main pillars
  - 1. Enabling Environment e.g. Making provision for cost recovery, charges, incentives and financing arrangements to assist sustainability of water resources management initiatives
  - 2. Institutional Roles e.g. Separation of water resources management functions from service delivery functions
  - 3. Management Instruments *e.g. Establish a water allocation mechanism*
- Establish targets: assist in focusing resources and guiding the selection of options for action

#### 8. Evaluate IWRM Plan options

- Look at IWRM Plan to determine if practical meets the national needs
- Some key considerations; does the Plan contribute to:
  - Reducing Poverty
  - Addressing Water Scarcity and Competition for Water
  - Improving the Situation of Women
  - Protecting Ecosystems
  - Maintaining Human Health
  - Sustaining Economic Development

## 9. IWRM Plan promotion, adoption and implementation

- Political and stakeholder participation from the onset of the process is of utmost importance to gain Plan acceptance
- Conditions of acceptance of the IWRM Plan would be clear at process inception.
- During the entire process, implementation of the Communications Plan is critical to keep stakeholders engaged and informed.
- Endorsement of the final draft of the Plan should be via national-level stakeholders forum; followed by ratification by the Cabinet of Ministers on behalf of Government